

Key Vocabulary		Judaism and Freedom		<p><b>Moses</b> wanted <b>freedom</b> for the <b>Hebrews</b> so that they could practice their religion freely.</p>  
<b>Freedom</b>	The right to speak, think and act as you want. To be free from something undesirable. To not be imprisoned or enslaved.	<p>When <b>Moses</b> grew up, God asked him to lead the enslaved <b>Hebrews</b> out of Egypt to safety and <b>freedom</b>. The Pharaoh refused to free the <b>Hebrews</b> so God sent ten plagues to Egypt. <b>Moses</b> then led the <b>Hebrews</b> to find the promised land. Their journey was a difficult one but God provided them with food and shelter. After about three months of travelling, <b>Moses</b> and his people reached Mount Sinai, where God revealed the <b>Ten Commandments</b> to <b>Moses</b>.</p>		
<b>Moses</b>	A Jewish prophet. He is also an important prophet in a number of other faiths, including Christianity and Islam.			
<b>Hebrews</b>	Descendants of Abraham who practice Judaism.			
<b>Ten Commandments</b>	Ten rules given by God for people to live by.	Religion and Freedom		
<b>Eightfold Path</b>	A set of eight instructions, set out by Buddha, to encourage people to follow the right path.	<p>Buddhists believe that the most important <b>freedom</b> is <b>freedom</b> from suffering, which can be found by following the <b>Eightfold Path</b>.</p> 	<p>Hindus believe that we should have no restraints on <b>freedom</b> of reason, thought, feeling and will and that this can be done through <b>moksha</b>.</p> <p><b>Moksha</b> can be achieved through knowledge, meditation, worship and good deeds.</p> 	<p>Sikh <b>gurus</b> believe that people should have the <b>freedom</b> to choose their beliefs and that <b>freedom</b> comes from choosing to do the right thing.</p> 
<b>moksha</b>	Freedom from the cycle of death and rebirth, so that a person can be at one with God.	<p>Christians believe that people should achieve their <b>freedom</b> in a way that respects others' <b>freedom</b> too.</p> 	<p>In Islam, Muslims believe that God has given them free will to make good choices.</p> 	
<b>guru</b>	Spiritual teacher			

Key Vocabulary	
<b>justice</b>	Being fair and reasonable.
<b>human rights</b>	The basic rights and freedoms that belong to every person in the world.
<b>non-violent action</b>	Steps taken to achieve changes, without using violence.
<b>independence</b>	For a country to be able to rule itself, rather than be under the rule of another.
<b>campaign</b>	Work towards a particular goal.
<b>Catholic</b>	A member of the Roman Catholic faith.
<b>Protestant</b>	A member of the Western Christian churches.
<b>strike</b>	To refuse to work as a form of protest.
<b>boycott</b>	To protest by refusing to have dealings with a country, organisation or person.
<b>apartheid</b>	A system of discriminating on the grounds of race.

## Judaism and Freedom

The Universal Declaration of **Human Rights** is a law written to ensure **freedom** and equality for all.

It consists of thirty statements such as:

- We are all born free and equal.
- We all have the right to life and to live in **freedom** and safety.
- No person has the right to enslave another.
- We are all equal before the law.
- We have the right to believe in what we believe.

## World Religions and Justice

There are many stories about **justice** from different world religions. These help believers think about what is reasonable and what is fair. The ideas about **justice** sometimes vary from story to story.

### Nelson Mandela

Nelson Mandela was a Christian, who was jailed for protesting about the unfair treatment of Black people in South Africa. He supported **non-violent action**, such as **strikes** and **boycotts**. Not long after he was released from prison, **apartheid** ended.

### Mahatma Gandhi

Mahatma Gandhi led peaceful demonstrations for equal rights and for India to gain **independence**. Gandhi was a practising Hindu. Gandhi made a distinction between just and unjust laws. He stated that where laws were unjust, it was acceptable not to follow them.

### Martin Luther-King Jr

Martin Luther-King Jr was a Christian, who believed that Jesus' teachings about 'love thy neighbour as yourself' meant that we should all be treated equally. He **campaigned** for equal rights for Black and White people peacefully. John Hume, an Irish Catholic was inspired by Martin Luther King Jr to **campaign** for equal rights between **Catholics** and **Protestants**.